

20 Learning to do proofs – Assignment questions

PF1HS132. Prove the following theorem.

Theorem 20.1. (*Exchange Theorem*) Let V be an $\mathbb{F}$ -vector space. Let $B = \{v_1, \dots, v_k\}$ be a basis of V and let $D = \{d_1, \dots, d_\ell\}$ be another basis of V . Then there exists $d_{i_1} \in D$ such that

$$\{d_{i_1}, b_2, b_3, \dots, b_k\} \text{ is a basis of } V.$$

PF2HS134. Prove the following theorem.

Theorem 20.2. (*Dimension Theorem*) Let V be an $\mathbb{F}$ -vector space. Any two bases of V have the same number of elements.

The following provides an example of a spanning set that is not minimal, and another spanning set for the same subspace that is minimal.

PF3Example V14. Let S be the subset of $\mathbb{R}^3$ given by

$$S = \{(1, 1, 1), (2, 2, 2), (3, 3, 3)\}. \quad \text{Determine } \mathbb{R}\text{-span}(S).$$

PF4. Prove the following proposition.

Proposition 20.3. (*Span is a subspace*) Let V be a $\mathbb{R}$ -vector space. Let $B = \{b_1, \dots, b_k\}$ be a subset of V . Then $\mathbb{R}\text{-span}(B)$ is a subspace of V .

PF5HS134. Prove the following proposition.

Proposition 20.4. Let $s, t \in \mathbb{Z}_{>0}$ and let $A \in M_{t \times s}(\mathbb{R})$. If $\ker(A) = 0$ then the columns of A are linearly independent.

PF6HS134. Prove the following proposition.

Proposition 20.5. Let $s, t \in \mathbb{Z}_{>0}$ and let $A \in M_{t \times s}(\mathbb{R})$. Then

$$\text{im}(A) = \mathbb{R}\text{-span}\{\text{columns of } A\}.$$

PF7HS133. Prove the following proposition.

Proposition 20.6. Let $A \in M_{t \times s}(\mathbb{Q})$. Then $\ker(A)$ is a subspace of $\mathbb{Q}^s$.

PF8HS133. Prove the following proposition.

Proposition 20.7. Let $A \in M_{t \times s}(\mathbb{Q})$. Then $\text{im}(A)$ is a subspace of $\mathbb{Q}^t$.

PF9Example A5. Let $T: V \rightarrow W$ be an $\mathbb{R}$ -linear transformation. Show that $\ker(T) = \{v \in V \mid T(v) = 0\}$ is a subspace of V .

PF10Example A6. Let $T: V \rightarrow W$ be an $\mathbb{R}$ -linear transformation. Show that $\text{im}(T) = \{T(v) \mid v \in V\}$ is a subspace of W .

PF11HS133. Prove the following theorem.

Theorem 20.8. (*Basis Minimax Theorem*) Let V be an $\mathbb{F}$ -vector space and let B be a subset of V . The following are equivalent:

- (a) B is a basis of V .
- (b) B is a minimal spanning set of V .
- (c) B is a maximal linearly independent set of V .

PF12HS134. Prove the following proposition.

Proposition 20.9. Let $s, t \in \mathbb{Z}_{>0}$ and let $A \in M_{t \times s}(\mathbb{R})$. Let $a_1, \dots, a_s$ be the columns of A . Then

$$\text{im}(A) = \text{span}\{a_1, \dots, a_s\}.$$

PF13HS137. Prove the following theorem.

Theorem 20.10. (*Invertible matrices are square*) Let $s, t \in \mathbb{Z}_{>0}$ and let $A \in M_{t \times s}(\mathbb{R})$. Suppose there exists

$$P \in M_{s \times t}(\mathbb{R}) \quad \text{be such that} \quad PA = 1.$$

Suppose there exists

$$Q \in M_{s \times t}(\mathbb{R}) \quad \text{be such that} \quad AQ = 1.$$

Then

- (a) $\ker(A) = 0$.
- (b) $\text{im}(A) = \mathbb{R}^t$.
- (c) The set of columns of A is a basis of $\mathbb{Q}^t$.
- (d) $s = t$.
- (e) $P = Q$.