

2.1 Examples of the steps in the normal form algorithm

2.1.1 Example for Step 1: increasing the number of lower left 0 entries

$$\begin{aligned}
 \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 6 & 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 8 & 7 & 9 \\ 8 & 6 & 3 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} &= y_2\left(\frac{1}{8}\right) \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 6 & 2 & 4 \\ 8 & 6 & 3 & 5 \\ 0 & \frac{58}{8} & \frac{53}{8} & \frac{67}{8} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= y_2\left(\frac{1}{8}\right)y_1\left(\frac{7}{8}\right) \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 6 & 3 & 5 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{3}{8} \\ 0 & \frac{58}{8} & \frac{53}{8} & \frac{67}{8} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= y_2\left(\frac{1}{8}\right)y_1\left(\frac{7}{8}\right)y_3\left(\frac{29}{4}\right) \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 6 & 3 & 5 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{3}{8} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{5}{8} & -\frac{49}{8} \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= y_2\left(\frac{1}{8}\right)y_1\left(\frac{7}{8}\right)y_3\left(\frac{29}{4}\right)y_2\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 6 & 3 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{8} & -\frac{15}{8} \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{5}{8} & -\frac{49}{8} \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= y_2\left(\frac{1}{8}\right)y_1\left(\frac{7}{8}\right)y_3\left(\frac{29}{4}\right)y_2\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)y_3\left(\frac{4}{5}\right) \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 6 & 3 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{5}{8} & -\frac{49}{8} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{71}{40} \end{pmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

2.1.2 Example for Step 2: making the first entry of each row equal to 1

$$\begin{aligned}
 \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 6 & 3 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{5}{8} & -\frac{49}{8} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{71}{40} \end{pmatrix} &= h\left(8, 1, -\frac{5}{8}, -\frac{71}{40}\right) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{6}{8} & \frac{3}{8} & \frac{5}{8} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{49}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= h_1(8)h_2(1)h_3\left(-\frac{5}{8}\right)h_4\left(-\frac{71}{40}\right) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{6}{8} & \frac{3}{8} & \frac{5}{8} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{49}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

Combining examples 1.4.1 and 1.4.2 gives

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 6 & 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 8 & 7 & 9 \\ 8 & 6 & 3 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = y_2\left(\frac{1}{8}\right)y_1\left(\frac{7}{8}\right)y_3\left(\frac{29}{4}\right)y_2\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)y_3\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)h\left(8, 1, -\frac{5}{8}, -\frac{71}{40}\right) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{6}{8} & \frac{3}{8} & \frac{5}{8} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{49}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

2.1.3 Step 3 example: making entries above the first nonzero in each row equal to 0

$$\begin{aligned}
 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{6}{8} & \frac{3}{8} & \frac{5}{8} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{49}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} &= x_{34}\left(\frac{49}{5}\right) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{6}{8} & \frac{3}{8} & \frac{5}{8} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = x_{34}\left(\frac{49}{5}\right)x_{24}(2) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{6}{8} & \frac{3}{8} & \frac{5}{8} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= x_{34}\left(\frac{49}{5}\right)x_{24}(2)x_{14}\left(\frac{5}{8}\right) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{6}{8} & \frac{3}{8} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= x_{34}\left(\frac{49}{5}\right)x_{24}(2)x_{14}\left(\frac{5}{8}\right)x_{23}(1) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{6}{8} & \frac{3}{8} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= x_{34}\left(\frac{49}{5}\right)x_{24}(2)x_{14}\left(\frac{5}{8}\right)x_{23}(1)x_{13}\left(\frac{3}{8}\right) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{6}{8} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= x_{34}\left(\frac{49}{5}\right)x_{24}(2)x_{14}\left(\frac{5}{8}\right)x_{23}(1)x_{13}\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)x_{12}\left(\frac{6}{8}\right) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

Combining examples 1.4.1 and 1.4.2 and 1.4.3 gives

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 6 & 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 8 & 7 & 9 \\ 8 & 6 & 3 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = y_2\left(\frac{1}{8}\right)y_1\left(\frac{7}{8}\right)y_3\left(\frac{29}{4}\right)y_2\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)y_3\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)h\left(8, 1, -\frac{5}{8}, -\frac{71}{40}\right)x_{34}\left(\frac{49}{5}\right)x_{24}(2)x_{14}\left(\frac{5}{8}\right)x_{23}(1)x_{13}\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)x_{12}\left(\frac{6}{8}\right).$$

2.1.4 Example for Step 4: making the upper right entries all equal to 0

$$\begin{aligned}
 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x_{14}(5) \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x_{35}(7)x_{14}(5)
 \end{aligned}$$

2.1.5 Example for Step 5: rearranging columns to get 1_r

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} s_{23} = 1_2 s_{23}$$

Combining examples 1.4.4 and 1.4.5 gives

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = 1_2 s_{23} x_{35}(7) x_{14}(5).$$