

Six points for giving talks

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MsC Presentation ①

Point 1 The most consuming thought throughout preparation and delivery

AUDIENCE

Fact: Different audiences understand different dialects.

Same content, same meaning, different dialects

Point 2 The thing that most affects the quality of your talk

PREPARATION

$$\left(\frac{\text{length of talk}}{6}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4 \text{ rehearsals}}\right) + \left(\frac{\# \text{ of slides used}}{10}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$+ \left(\frac{\text{importance of talk from 1 to 10}}{10}\right) \cdot \frac{3}{2} = \text{preparation time in hours}$$

Example 20 minute talk, importance 8, with 10 slides

$$\frac{1}{3} \cdot 6 + 10 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 8 \cdot \frac{3}{2} = 2 + 5 + 12 = 19 \text{ hours preparation time}$$

Fact: This formula was derived from 30 years of data keeping.

Point 3: Writing a talk!

Most of the effort is

CUTTING MATERIAL

to create focus, clarity and direction
to the punch line.

Point 4: Most important skill for a career

TIME MANAGEMENT.

Fact: No one listens to anything you say
after your official time slot is over.

Point 5: Know how to drive your

PRESENTATION TOOLS

Computer, slides, projectors, boards,
chalk, Pictures, equations, formatting.

Fact: Chalk doesn't squeak if the angle
to the board is $\leq \frac{\pi}{3}$.

Point 6 Why are talks important to a researcher?

Success is determined by...

"Whoever has the most toys wins".

In math this is

"Whoever knows the most math wins".

Fact: The way that the community decides how much math you know is by whether you can

EXPLAIN IT.

Sam's list of additional questions:

Presenting is a common part of an academic career, but can often be the most daunting!

This talk will focus on developing confidence as a student presenter,

the difference on presenting at seminars and conferences

and finding the right conferences to attend, along with potential funding opportunities.

1. Final MsC presentation

"Talk machine".

- Write the main point
For my thesis I learned that...
- Add necessary definitions
to make sense of the main point.
- Add necessary context
Why do we care about the main point.

CUT/REFINE to length and audience

Fundamental Rule: Only one main point allowed.

2. For giving talks in the future

... For my paper arXiv:2009.02812 I learned...

3. Adapting to a seminar/conference talk.

What are the differences?	MsC Pres.	Seminar talk	Conference presentation
How to address these differences?	MsC students	Research group	People who come to your special session
	Next to a piano	Chalktalk	Meeting room in a civic centre

CUT/REFINE to length and audience

4. Developing confidence

Point 2. The thing that most affects the quality of your talk.

PREPARATION

PRACTICE

REPETITION

5. Finding the right conference

- Web, mailing lists, go to lunch, pub, Facebook
- Make a list of 50 exciting conference options.
- Rank these by how much you'd like to be there.
- Apply to the top 5 on your list.

6. Finding funding opportunities: Fundraising
Fact of life! Any significant
business/initiative/project

SUPPORTED BY SEVERAL SOURCES.
several sources cobbled together to make it happen.

Note 1: Usually people are trying to give
away money.

Note 2: Investors like to invest where
others have invested.

Note 3: Investors like to be "first"
Make good things happen
And get credit for it.

Note 4: Investors like to continue funding
successful projects.